### **Environmental Protection Agency**

gallons and is the facility located at a distance 2 (as calculated using the appropriate formula in Appendix C or a comparable formula) such that a discharge from the facility would shut down a public drinking water intake? 2
Yes
No
Does the facility have a total oil storage capacity greater than or equal to 1 million gallons and has the facility experienced a reportable oil spill <sup>2</sup> in an amount greater than or equal to 10,000 gallons within the last 5 years?
Yes
No
CERTIFICATION
I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document.

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete.

Signature:

Name (Please type or print):

Title:

Date:

[59 FR 34122 July 1 1994: 59 FR 49006 South

[59 FR 34122, July 1, 1994; 59 FR 49006, Sept. 26, 1994, as amended at 65 FR 40816, June 30, 2000; 65 FR 43840, July 14, 2000; 66 FR 34561, June 29, 2001; 67 FR 47152, July 17, 2002]

# PART 113—LIABILITY LIMITS FOR SMALL ONSHORE STORAGE FA-CILITIES

# Subpart A—Oil Storage Facilities

Sec.

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113.4 Size classes and associated liability limits for fixed onshore oil storage facilities, 1,000 barrels or less capacity.

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AUTHORITY: Sec. 311(f)(2), 86 Stat. 867 (33 U.S.C. 1251 (1972)).

Source:  $38\ FR\ 25440$ , Sept. 13, 1973, unless otherwise noted.

# Subpart A—Oil Storage Facilities

## §113.1 Purpose.

This subpart establishes size classifications and associated liability limits

for small onshore oil storage facilities with fixed capacity of 1,000 barrels or less

#### §113.2 Applicability.

This subpart applies to all onshore oil storage facilities with fixed capacity of 1,000 barrels or less. When a discharge to the waters of the United States occurs from such facilities and when removal of said discharge is performed by the United States Government pursuant to the provisions of subsection 311(c)(1) of the Act, the liability of the owner or operator and the facility will be limited to the amounts specified in §113.4.

#### §113.3 Definitions.

As used in this subpart, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated below:

- (a) Aboveground storage facility means a tank or other container, the bottom of which is on a plane not more than 6 inches below the surrounding surface.
- (b) *Act* means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1151, *et seq.*
- (c) Barrel means 42 United States gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (d) *Belowground* storage facility means a tank or other container located other than as defined as "Aboveground".
- (e) *Discharge* includes, but is not limited to any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying or dumping.
- (f) Onshore Oil Storage Facility means any facility (excluding motor vehicles and rolling stock) of any kind located in, on, or under, any land within the United States, other than submerged land.
- (g) On-Scene Coordinator is the single Federal representative designated pursuant to the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan and identified in approved Regional Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plans.
- (h) *Oil* means oil of any kind or in any form, including but not limited to, petroleum, fuel oil, sludge, oil refuse, and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged spoil.